

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities.

That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Template periodic disclosure for financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU)2019/2088 and Article 6, paragraphs 1, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: ELLIPSIS DISRUPTION CONVERTIBLE FUND Legal entity identifier: 969500DEKQHM09GPQM16

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?				
Yes	No x			
	X			
It made sustainable	It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S)			
investments with an	characteristics and			
environmental objective:%	while it did not have as its objective a			
	sustainable investment, it had a proportion of			
in economic activities that	% of sustainable investments			
qualify as environmentally				
sustainable under the EU	with an environmental objective in economic			
Taxonomy	activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy			
in economic activities that do	sustainable under the LO Taxonomy			
not qualify as environmentally	with an environmental objective in			
sustainable under the EU	economic activities that do not qualify as			
Taxonomy	environmentally sustainable under the EU			
	Taxonomy			
	with a social objective			
It made sustainable investments	x It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not			
with a social objective: %	make any sustainable investments			
· —				

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

No breach of ESG indicators were detected during the reference period: the fund met its ESG commitments over the period.

The governance criterion is a priority and discriminating filter in the fund's management process. There were no governance-related controversies in the portfolio during the reference period.



Overall coverage rate for extra-financial analysis

Minimum: 90.00%

Result for the reference period: 99.18%

NB: the figures shown for results are an average over the reference period (10/01/2023 - 09/30/2024).

...and compared to previous periods?

The ESG analysis coverage rate has slightly increased over the past year, covering nearly the entire portfolio.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

N/A

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

N/A

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.





How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The "Principle Adverse Impacts" (PAI) on sustainability factors, within the meaning of Article 7 of the SFDR, are not currently factored into the fund's investment decisions due to the lack of available and reliable data in the current market conditions.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 01/10/2023 to 30/09/2024

U : underlying of the convertible bond

1	1	% OF	
LARGEST INVESTMENTS (top 15)	SECTOR	ASSETS	COUNTRY
Barclays PLC (U: Microsoft)	Banks	3.98%	UK
Exact Sciences Corp	Health Care	3.32%	USA
Just Eat Takeaway.com NV	Technology	3.00%	NETHERLANDS
Schneider Electric SE	Industrial Goods And Services	2.78%	FRANCE
Uber Technologies Inc	Consumer Products And Services	2.78%	USA
Ubisoft Entertainment SA	Consumer Products And Services	2.66%	FRANCE
Sea Ltd	Technology	2.45%	TAIWAN
Datadog Inc	Technology	2.42%	USA
STMicroelectronics NV	Technology	2.39%	SWITZERLAND
	Personal Care, Drug And Grocery		
HelloFresh SE	Stores	2.35%	GERMANY
Zalando SE	Retail	2.17%	GERMANY
Zscaler Inc	Technology	2.12%	USA
Unity Software Inc	Technology	2.05%	USA
Upwork Inc	Technology	2.04%	USA
MongoDB Inc	Technology	2.02%	USA



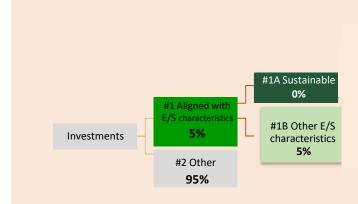


What was the asset allocation?

What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

On average over the reference period, 5% of the fund's securities and instruments have been aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted, respecting the binding ESG commitments of the investment strategy.

This proportion is based on the fund's taxonomy alignment and relies on Clarity AI data as of the end of September 2024.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The Subcategory **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



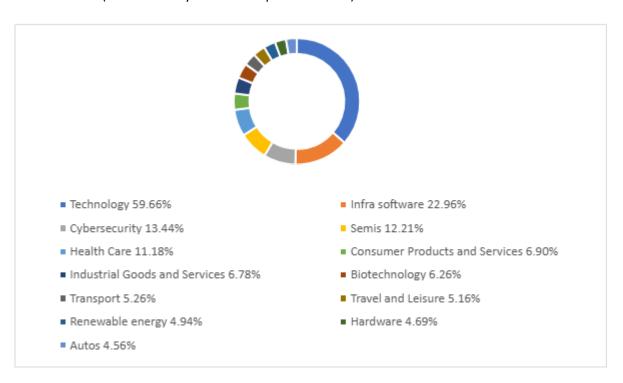
Note when for financial products referred to in Article 6 of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflects the "greenness" of investee companies today.
- expenditure
 (CapEx) shows the green investments made by investee companies, relevant for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflects the green operational activities of investee companies.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

The portfolio's average exposure to the fossil fuel sector over the reference period was 1.93% (source: Clarity AI at end September 2024).





To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The fund is not currently able to commit to a minimum share of activities aligned with the Taxonomy Regulation for its portfolio. The underlying investments of this financial product do not take into account the European Union's criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities within the meaning of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (the "Taxonomy Regulation"). The percentage of assets aligned with the Taxonomy Regulation should be considered to be 0%. Therefore, the principle of "do no significant harm" does not apply to the fund's underlying investments.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

N/A

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?
N/A



Note for financial products referred to in Article 6 of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 that invest in environmental economic activities that are not environmentally sustainable economic activities

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

N/A



What was the share of socially sustainable investments? N/A



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

On average over the reference period, 95% of the fund's securities and instruments are not aligned with the environmental or social characteristics promoted.

This proportion is based on the fund's taxonomy alignment and relies on Clarity AI data as of the end of September 2024.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

The management process of the Disruption fund involves significant investment in clean energy and sustainable development themes. These themes, which align with the energy transition, are key to this portfolio, which focuses exclusively on innovations.

During the period under review, these themes represented an average of 22% of the equity exposure of the Disruption fund. This exposure ranged from a minimum of 18% to a maximum of 26%. Among the convertible bonds aligned with these themes, we added, among others, Nextera Energy, Schneider Electric, and Bloom Energy to the portfolio.







How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Note for financial products where an index has been designated as a reference benchmark for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote. N/A, the fund does not use an ESG benchmark.